

Achieving CCRS with Formative Assessment

Barbara Jones & Sandy Chang

San Francisco | December 10, 2015



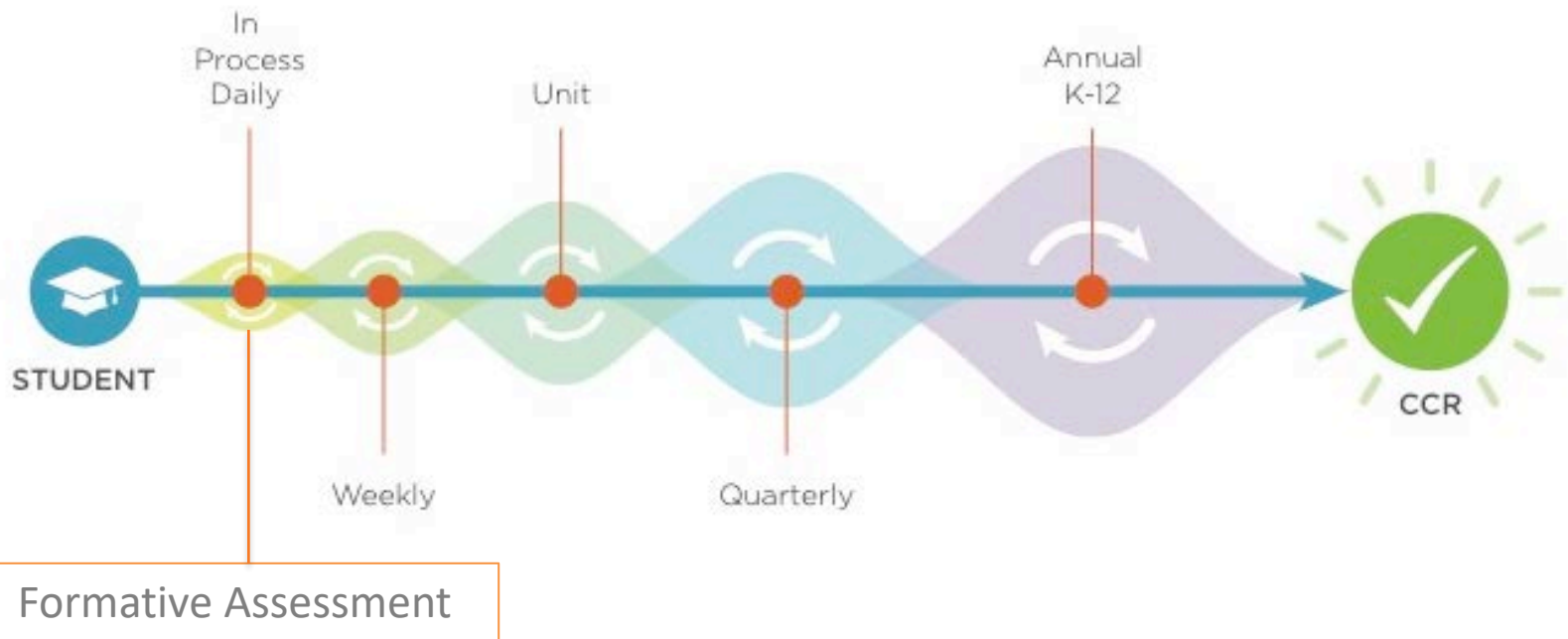
THE CENTER ON
**STANDARDS &
ASSESSMENT
IMPLEMENTATION**

WestEd  CRESST

This document is produced by The Center on Standards and Assessment Implementation (CSAI). CSAI, a collaboration between WestEd and CRESST, provides state education agencies (SEAs) and Regional Comprehensive Centers (RCCs) with research support, technical assistance, tools, and other resources to help inform decisions about standards, assessment, and accountability. Visit www.csai-online.org for more information.

This document was produced under prime award #S283B050022A between the U.S. Department of Education and WestEd. The findings and opinions expressed herein are those of the author(s) and do not reflect the positions or policies of the U.S. Department of Education.

Coherent Assessment Systems: Where is Formative Assessment?



Formative Assessment Definition

“Formative assessment is a process used by teachers and students during instruction that provides feedback to adjust ongoing teaching and learning to improve students’ achievement of intended instructional outcomes.”

The Council of Chief State School Officers (CCSSO)

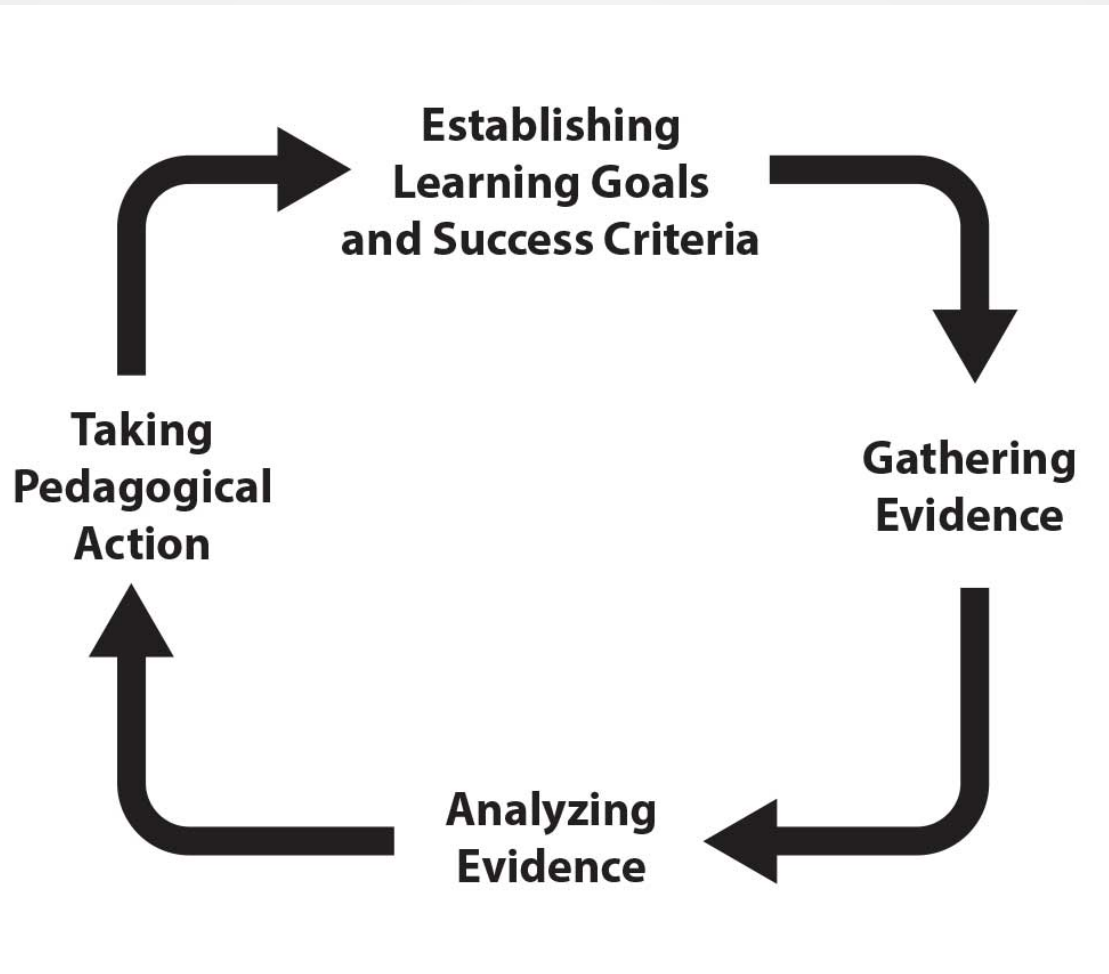


Formative Assessment Process

1. Understand learning progressions
2. Establish Learning Goals and Success Criteria
3. Share Learning Goals and Success Criteria with students
4. Elicit evidence of learning during the lesson
5. Interpret the evidence
6. Take pedagogical action
7. Involve students in the process through peer and self-assessment



Formative Assessment: Iterative Cycle



CSAI-Developed Curriculum & Instruction Resources - Overview

FUNDAMENTALS
OF LEARNING

ANALYZE THE
STANDARDS

YEAR LONG
PLAN

BUILDING
BLOCKS

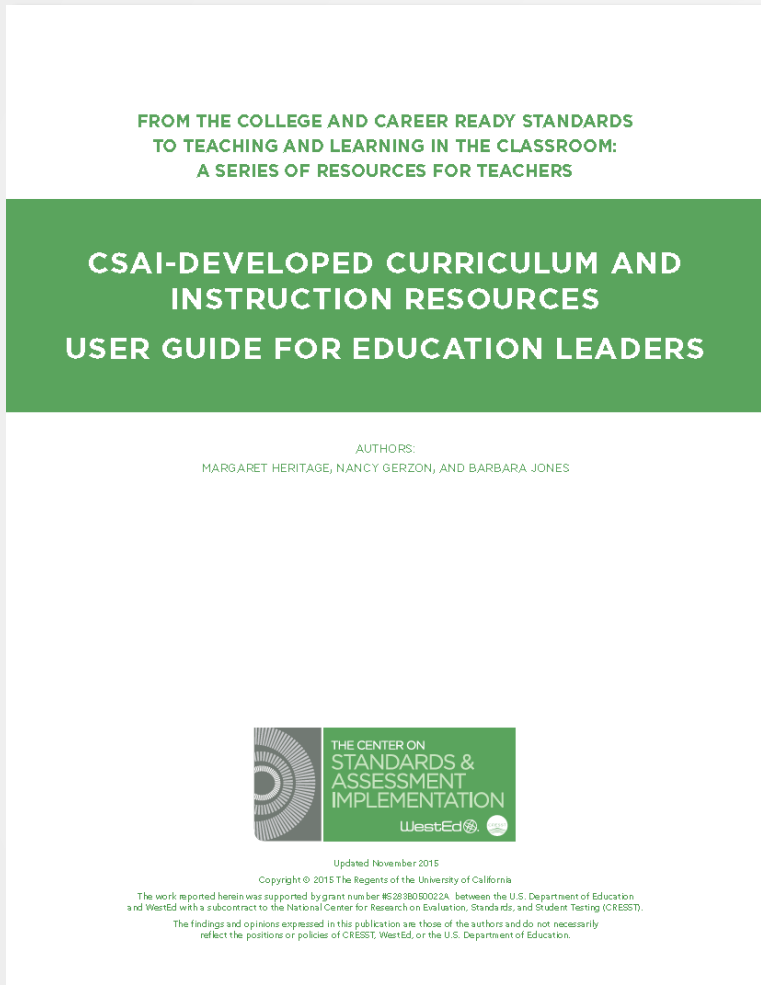
LESSON
DEVELOPMENT

LESSON
REVIEW

STUDENT
LEARNING
OF CCRS



User Guide for Education Leaders



Supports education leaders to:

- Select the right resources for teachers
- Design effective professional learning
- Lead professional learning
- Provide support over time

Select the Right Resources for Teachers

(p. 2)

Resource title	Content focus	Use this resource if ...
<i>Fundamentals of Learning</i>	<p>Provides a framework which outlines three essential components of learning that underpin classroom practice for K-12 students' attainment of CCRS. These elements are:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">(1) Making Meaning(2) Participating and Contributing(3) Managing Learning <p>Detailed illustrations of what the three components look like during teaching and learning are provided. This is a useful resource for reflecting on current practice and considering core instructional practices that address these Fundamentals.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Educators could benefit from examining key ideas in contemporary learning theory and research and what learning theory and research look like in practice.• It would be useful for teachers to reflect on which of these practices need to be developed or extended in their own classrooms in the context of CCRS.• Teachers could benefit from learning more about the role of students as learners.

Planning for Implementation (p. 5)

- Align learning outcomes to teacher needs
- Clarify expectations on use of materials
- Identify follow-up implementation: how and when
- Ensure work is aligned with instructional and learning goals
- Outline structures for ongoing dialogue to support this work



Leading Professional Learning with the CSAI Resources (p. 6)



- Consider each resource independently
- Capitalize on instructional leaders and content experts
- Build in time for ongoing reflection
- Use the protocols and processes
- Consider both existing and new structures for collaborative dialogue



Evaluate, Document, and Celebrate Changes in Instructional Practice (p. 8)

- Provide additional opportunities for school leaders to learn how to support teachers implementing resources
- Use the existing teacher evaluation model to recognize teacher progress
- Visit classrooms and talk with teachers and students
- Share observations at faculty meetings
- Create multiple opportunities for teachers to share their progress
- Routinely seek information from teachers about what support they need



The background of the slide features a pattern of wavy, parallel lines in shades of light green and grey, creating a textured, organic feel. The lines are arranged in a way that suggests movement and depth, with some lines appearing to curve and flow across the frame.

CSAI RESOURCES

Lesson Planning with Formative Assessment

In general, what are your districts (in your states) using for curriculum and instruction?

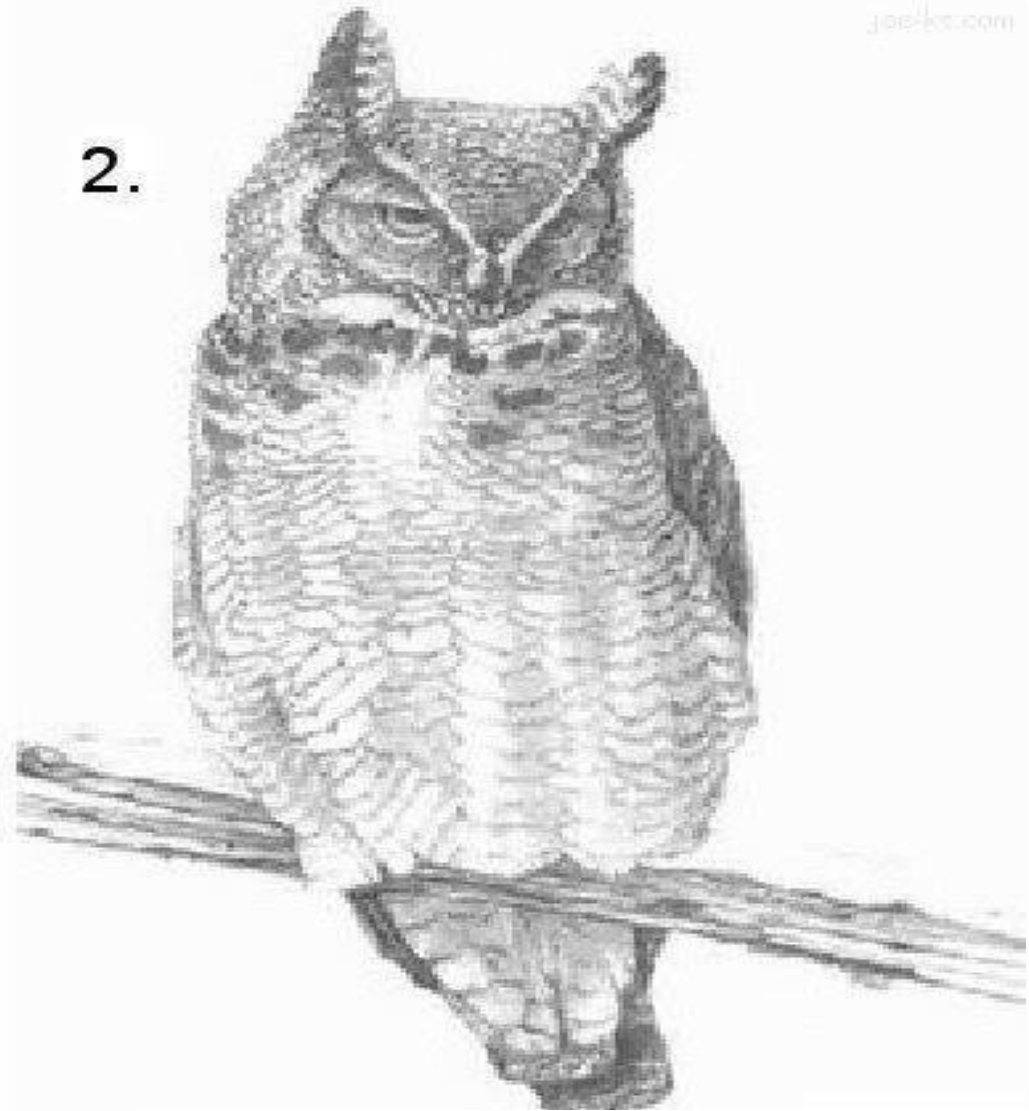
- Textbook/published curriculum
- Open educational resources (OER; e.g., EngageNY)
- District/school developed
- Other

How to teach the CCRS

1.



2.



1. Pick some standards

2. Teach a lesson



CSAI Resource Continuum



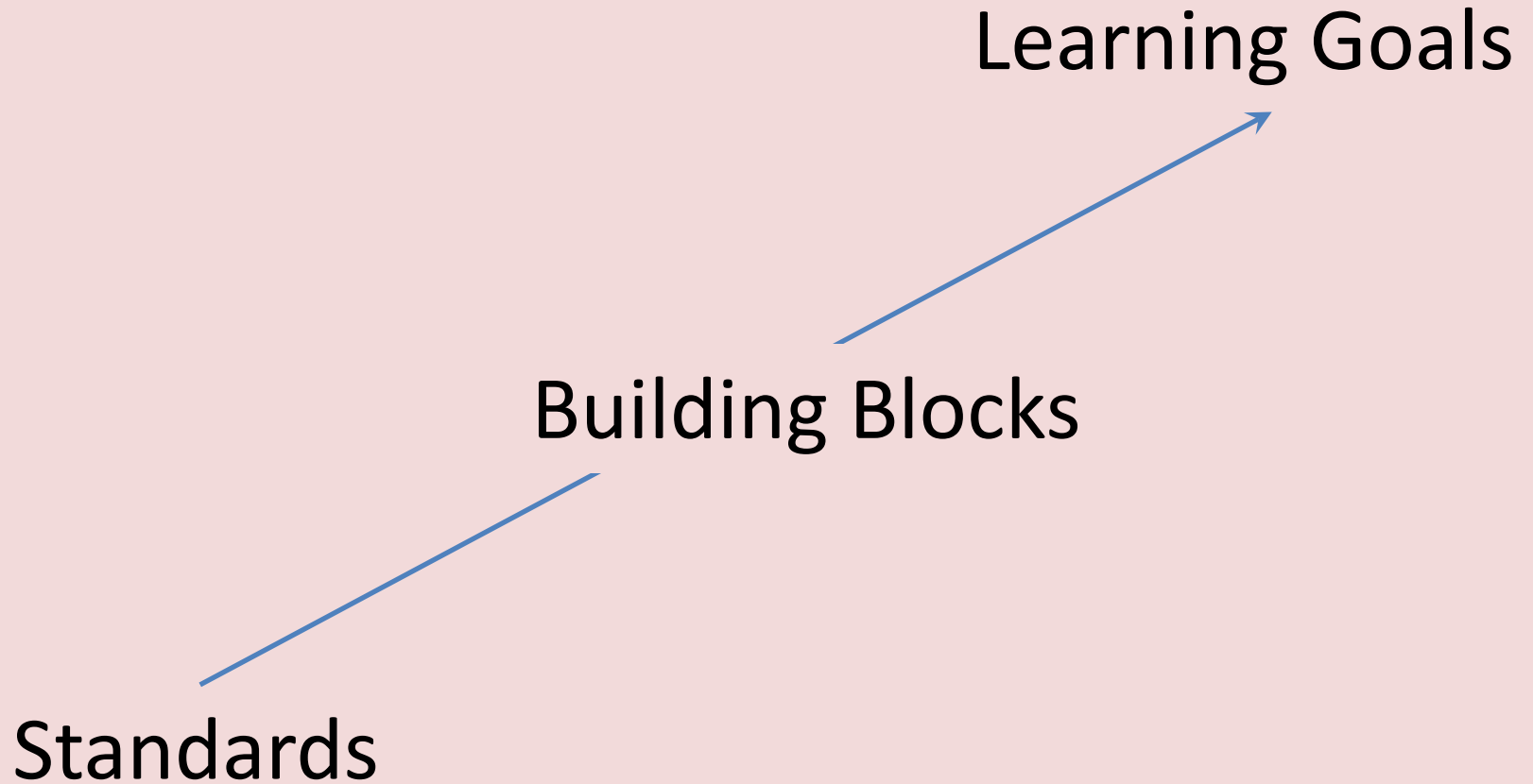
4 Guiding Questions

...on student learning that formative assessment answers

- **Where do students need to go?**
- **How will students get there?**
- **Where are students now?**
- **How will they be supported?**



#1 Where are students going?



#2 How will students get there?

Learning
Goals

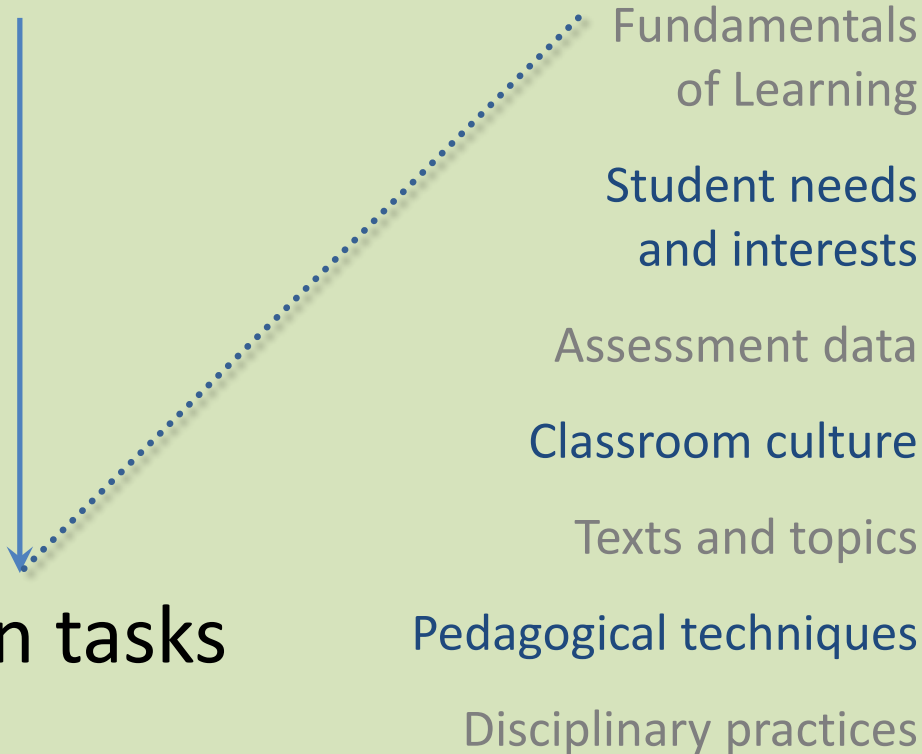


Success Criteria

Context



Lesson tasks



#3 Where are students now?

Lesson tasks

Evidence-gathering opportunities

Implement tasks

Student work

Classroom talk

Collect evidence

Peer and self-assessment

Participant structures

Interpret evidence



#4 How will students be supported?

Anticipate student responses

Learning progressions

Levels of prior knowledge

Language demands and opportunities

Pedagogical action

Provide feedback

Model

Explain

Prompt

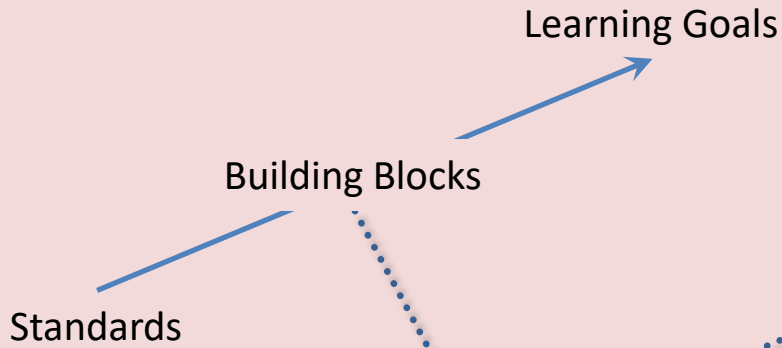
Question

Direct

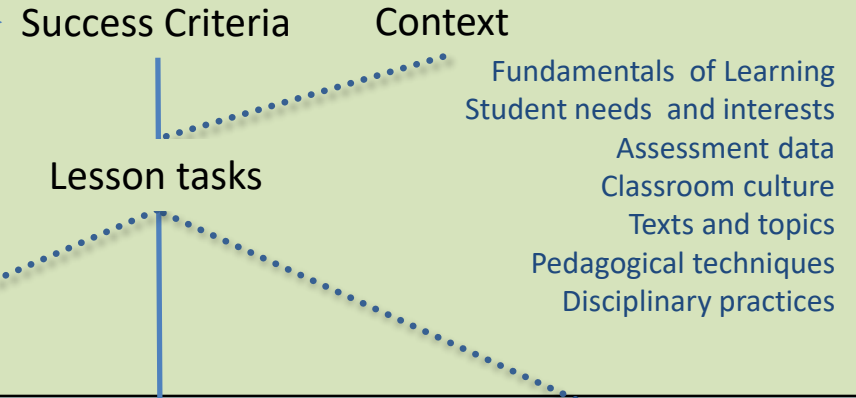
Tell



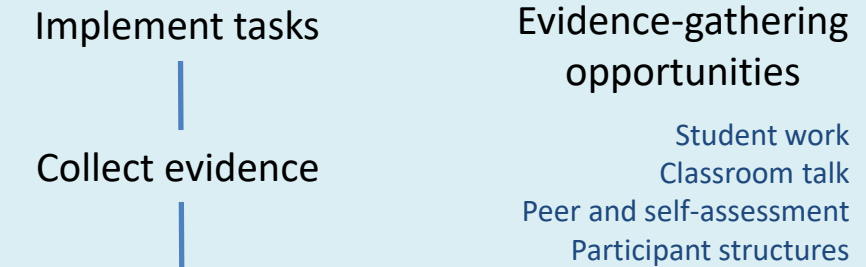
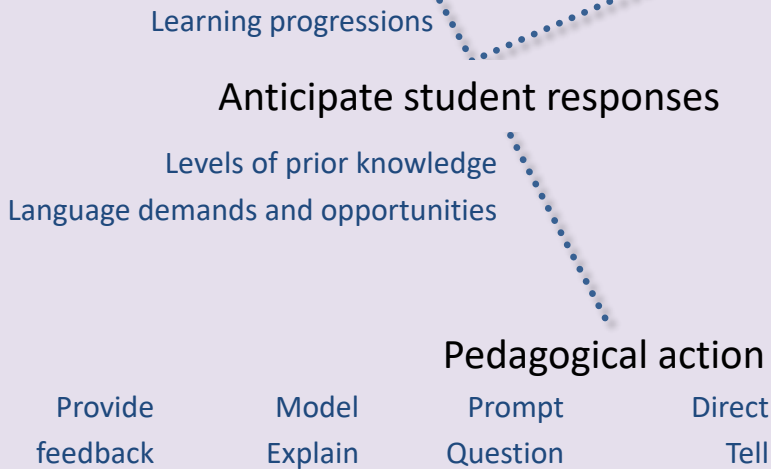
#1 Where are students going?



#2 How will students get there?



#4 How will students be supported?



#3 Where are students now?

Success Criteria met

The background features a pattern of curved, parallel lines in shades of green and grey, creating a sense of motion and depth. The lines are arranged in a way that suggests a circular or spiral pattern, with the green lines being more prominent and the grey lines providing a subtle contrast.

CSAI RESOURCES

Lesson Review with Formative Assessment

CSAI Resource Continuum

FUNDAMENTALS
OF LEARNING

ANALYZE THE
STANDARDS

YEAR LONG
PLAN

BUILDING
BLOCKS

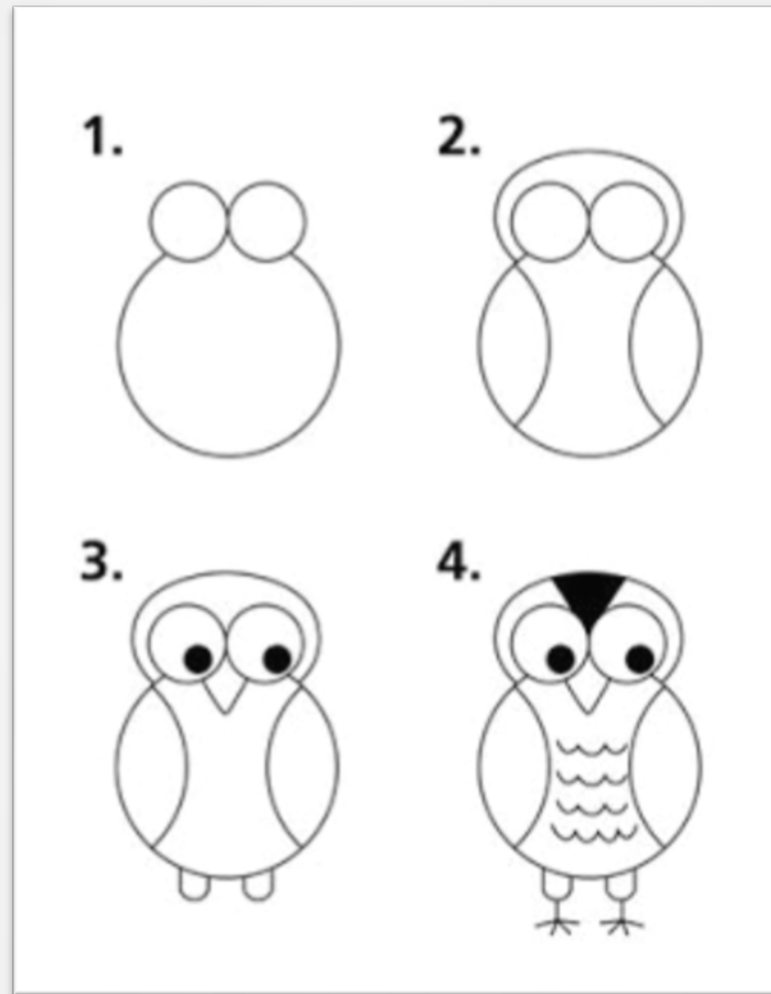
LESSON
DEVELOPMENT

LESSON
REVIEW

STUDENT
LEARNING
OF CCRS



4 Steps



4 Steps to Lesson Review using Formative Assessment

Where do students need to go?	1. Review standards and identify Learning Goals.
How will students get there?	2. Match Success Criteria and tasks.
Where are students now?	3. Identify evidence-gathering opportunities.
How will they be supported?	4. Anticipate student responses. Plan for pedagogical action.



Step 1

Where do students need to go?

Review standards and identify Learning Goals.

STANDARD → BUILDING BLOCKS → LEARNING GOALS + SUCCESS CRITERIA ⇔ TASKS

■ Find focus standards

Title/Author: *Two Bobbies: A True Story of Hurricane Katrina, Friendship, and Survival* by Kirby Larson and Mary Nethery; illustrated by Jean Cassels

Suggested Time to Spend: 4 Days (Recommendation: two sessions per day, at least 20 minutes per day)

Common Core grade-level ELA/Literacy Standards: RL.1.1, RL.1.2, RL.1.3, RL.1.4, RL.1.7, RL.1.9; W.1.2, W.1.8, SL.1.1, SL.1.2; L.1.1, L.1.2, L.1.4

Step 1

Where do students need to go?

Review standards and identify Learning Goals.

STANDARD → BUILDING BLOCKS → LEARNING GOALS + SUCCESS CRITERIA ⇔ TASKS

- Find focus standards
 - ✓ 1-2 standards in any given lesson that teachers can directly teach and assess
- Determine Building Blocks (based on focus standards)
- Identify Learning Goals of the lesson

STANDARD → BUILDING BLOCKS → LEARNING GOALS + SUCCESS CRITERIA ↔ TASKS

- Identify Success Criteria
 - ✓ May be already embedded within the task descriptions
- Tasks
 - ✓ Connect Success Criteria and tasks
 - ✓ Check for logical sequence of tasks
 - ✓ May include a culminating task

STANDARD → BUILDING BLOCKS → **LEARNING GOALS + SUCCESS CRITERIA ↔ TASKS**

	LEARNING GOALS	SUCCESS CRITERIA	TASKS
ELA example	Understand character change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Find the event that made the character think and act differently Use evidence from the text to show how the character thought and acted before and after the event 	Fill in a graphic organizer with 2-3 examples on character change
Math example	Apply prior knowledge and skills (e.g., algebraic equations, ratios) to solve a real-world modeling problem	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Note the needed information found in the problem you will use in your solution (notes can be underlining, drawing, a table, a list, etc.) Find an appropriate procedure to solve the problem Check the accuracy of your calculations 	Explain your solution to the problem presented in the worksheet Sharing Gasoline Costs

Step 3 Where are students now?

Identify evidence-gathering opportunities.

LEARNING GOALS + SUCCESS CRITERIA ⇔ TASKS ⇔ EVIDENCE-GATHERING OPPORTUNITIES

- Every task should provide evidence about student learning
- Identify the logical stopping points during the lesson to gauge student understanding
- 3 general categories of evidence-gathering opportunities:
 - ✓ Classroom talk
 - ✓ Student work
 - ✓ Peer and self-assessment
- Participant structures provide for opportunities to generate different kinds of evidence



LEARNING GOALS + SUCCESS CRITERIA ↔ TASKS ↔ EVIDENCE-GATHERING OPPORTUNITIES

Evidence-Gathering Opportunities

Classroom Talk

Student Work

Peer and Self-Assessment

Independent

Student-teacher conference

Written response, essay, math solution

Thumbs up/down, exit ticket, reflection journal, goal setting

Pair

Turn & talk, peer conference, teacher and peer questioning, pair share

Oral presentation, work plan

Peer conference using rubric, peer editing

Small Group

Teacher and peer questioning, discussion, share work

Written response, group presentation, jigsaw

Carousel, group presentation feedback

Whole Class

Teacher & peer questioning, classroom discussion

Class play, 4 corners, class debate

Gallery walk, parking lot

Participant Structures

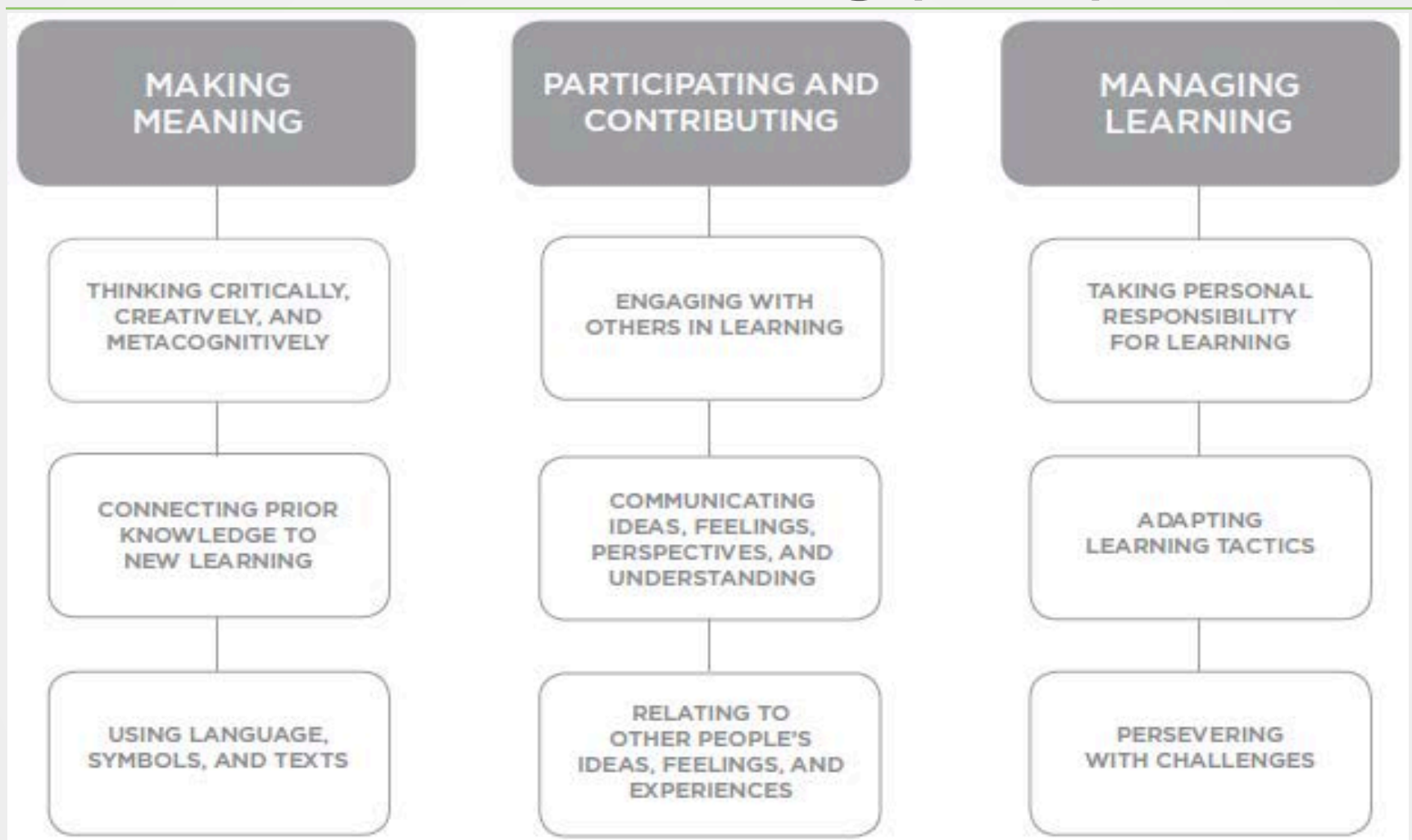
Step 4 | **How will they be supported?**

Anticipate student responses.
Plan for pedagogical action.

LEARNING GOALS + SUCCESS CRITERIA ↔ TASKS ↔ E.G.O. → PEDAGOGICAL ACTION

- Thinking about the lesson in relation to students' progress:
 - ✓ Prior knowledge
 - ✓ Common challenges and misconceptions
 - ✓ Language demands
- Plan for pedagogical action:
 - ✓ Continue or stop the lesson
 - ✓ Give feedback, review, model, provide examples, tell, explain, direct

Fundamentals of Learning (FoLs)



Integrating Formative Assessment with FOLs

	Where do students need to go?	How will students get there?	Where are students now?	How will students be supported?
	Standards & Learning Goals	Tasks & Success Criteria	Evidence-Gathering Opportunities	Pedagogical Actions
Making Meaning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> connect new and prior learning reflect learning progressions within and across standards that lead to deeper learning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> integrate assessment and instruction inspire inquiry and new ideas 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> encourage students to use reason and justify thoughts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> allow for time to think adjust the lesson in response to students' understanding
Participating & Contributing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> invite diverse perspectives 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> invite students to share interests and experiences sustain extended discourse 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> foster collaboration and support multiple participant structures invite questions, contributions, and suggestions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> show teachers as learners through modeling
Managing Learning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> present relevant and interesting issues for students to tackle with useful inquiry 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> are dynamic, flexible, and challenging 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> engage students in monitoring their own learning in relation to Success Criteria encourage risk taking and perseverance by valuing mistakes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> are responsive to evidence of student learning include timely and specific feedback to students

Given where your states are in regards to curriculum and daily instruction, what are your most important priorities?

- Who in your states would be the primary audience for the resources?
- How would you reach these audiences?

For further information, please contact:

Barbara Jones

bjones@cse.ucla.edu

Sandy Chang

sandychang@ucla.edu

For CSAI resources:

csai-online.org/collection/1505

CSAI-Developed Curriculum and Instruction Resources



THE CENTER ON
**STANDARDS &
ASSESSMENT
IMPLEMENTATION**

WestEd  CRESST

This document is produced by the The Center on Standards and Assessment Implementation (CSAI). CSAI, a collaboration between WestEd and CRESST, provides state education agencies (SEAs) and Regional Comprehensive Centers (RCCs) with research support, technical assistance, tools, and other resources to help inform decisions about standards, assessment, and accountability. Visit www.csai-online.org for more information.

This document was produced under prime award #S283B050022A between the U.S. Department of Education and WestEd. The findings and opinions expressed herein are those of the author(s) and do not reflect the positions or policies of the U.S. Department of Education.

CSAI-Developed Curriculum and Instruction Resources



CSAI has developed a series of resources to assist teachers and those who support teachers to plan teaching and learning of College and Career Ready Standards (CCRS) for all students. The resource series shown in this collection addresses key shifts in learning represented in the CCRS and is drawn from leading theory and research about learning and formative assessment. These resources continue to be enhanced based on user feedback.

CONTENTS

[Curriculum and Instruction Resources: Mathematics and ELA](#)

[Curriculum and Instruction Resources: Mathematics](#)

[Curriculum and Instruction Resources: ELA](#)

Curriculum and Instruction Resources: Mathematics and ELA [Collapse ^](#)

These resources are applicable to both mathematics and ELA content areas. They illustrate important classroom contexts for student learning and processes to help teachers gain a deeper understanding of the new standards.

[Fundamentals of Learning \(FOL\)](#)

[Getting a Handle on the Standards](#)

Curriculum and Instruction Resources: Mathematics [Collapse ^](#)

These resources guide teachers in planning instruction in mathematics. Topics include:

- How to create a yearlong plan from grade-level standards
- How to move from standards to lesson-sized learning goals
- How to integrate formative assessment into daily teaching and learning

[What's Learned First, What's Learned Together? Developing a Yearlong Plan from the K-8 College and Career Ready Standards for Mathematical Content](#)

[Building Blocks, Learning Goals, and Success Criteria: Planning Instruction and Formative Assessment for Math Standards](#)