# Peer Review of State Assessment Systems

# Sujie Shin & Mai Chou Vang

San Francisco, CA | December 11, 2015



This document is produced by the The Center on Standards and Assessment Implementation (CSAI). CSAI, a collaboration between WestEd and CRESST, provides state education agencies (SEAs) and Regional Comprehensive Centers (RCCs) with research support, technical assistance, tools, and other resources to help inform decisions about standards, assessment, and accountability. Visit www.csai-online.org for more information.

This document was produced under prime award #S283B050022A between the U.S. Department of Education and WestEd. The findings and opinions expressed herein are those of the author(s) and do not reflect the positions or policies of the U.S. Department of Education.

# **Overview of Peer Review Process**

- The assessment peer review process, mandated by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), aims to ensure that states implement rigorous academic standards and high-quality assessments.
- The peer review process is:
  - Evidence-based, focusing on documentation of the process used to develop and administer the assessments, and data to confirm the quality of the assessment system
  - Conducted by external assessment experts



# Overview cont'd.

- Since the U.S. Department of Education paused peer review in 2012, almost every state has developed new academic content standards and assessments.
- As a result, all states will need to submit documents for peer review for reading/language arts, mathematics, and science.
- Documentation will need to be provided for general assessments, alternate assessments, and other assessments (e.g., native language translations).

# What's Different About the Process?

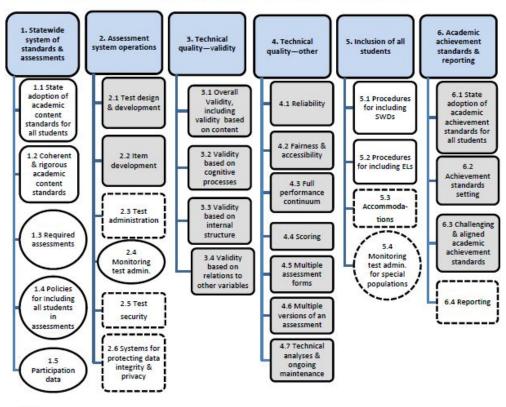
- Formation of multi-state assessment consortia
  - States can coordinate work to reduce burden and ensure consistency in the review and evaluation of state assessment systems
- Lessons learned from previous review process
  - Greater transparency, consistency, and clarity about what is required to address the critical elements

# What's Different About the Assessments?

- Improvements in educational assessment
  - Prevalence of technology in developing and administering assessments,
  - Updated test security practices
  - Enhanced automated scoring
  - New accessibility requirements and updates
- Revisions to nationally recognized professional and technical standards
  - Emphasis on technical quality of assessments, fairness and accessibility
  - Focus on role of technology







### KEY

- Ocritical elements in ovals will be checked for completeness by Department staff; if necessary, they may also be reviewed by assessment peer reviewers (e.g., Critical Element 1.3). All other critical elements will be reviewed by assessment peer reviewers.
- Critical elements in shaded boxes likely will be addressed by coordinated evidence for all States administering the same assessments (e.g., Critical Element 2.1).
- Critical elements in clear boxes with solid outlines likely will be addressed with State-specific evidence, even if a State administers the same assessments administered by other States (e.g., Critical Element 5.1).
- Critical elements in ovals or clear boxes with dashed outlines likely will be addressed by both State-specific evidence and coordinated evidence for States administering the same assessments (e.g., Critical Element 2.3, 5.4).



# Statewide system of standards & assessments

• Is there a single state-wide system that reflects coherent standards for ALL students?

# Assessment system operations

• Is there a technical sound process applied from test design, item development through test administration and data protection?

# Validity

• Is it a valid assessment based on: content, cognitive processes, internal structure, and relations to other variables?

# Other technical quality

Are other components of technical quality addressed: Reliability;
 Fairness/Accessibility; Performance continuum; Scoring; Multiple forms and assessments; Technical Analyses and maintenance

### Inclusion of all students

• Are all students validly included with appropriate accommodations?

# Academic achievement standards and reporting

# Statewide system of standards & assessments

• Is there a single state-wide system that reflects coherent standards for ALL students?

# Assessment system operations

• Is there a technical sound process applied from test design, item development through test administration and data protection?

### Validity

• Is it a valid assessment based on: content, cognitive processes, internal structure, and relations to other variables?

### Other technical quality

Are other components of technical quality addressed: Reliability;
 Fairness/Accessibility; Performance continuum; Scoring; Multiple forms and assessments; Technical Analyses and maintenance

### Inclusion of all students

• Are all students validly included with appropriate accommodations?

# Academic achievement standards and reporting

# Statewide system of standards & assessments

• Is there a single state-wide system that reflects coherent standards for ALL students?

# Assessment system operations

• Is there a technical sound process applied from test design, item development through test administration and data protection?

# Validity

• Is it a valid assessment based on: content, cognitive processes, internal structure, and relations to other variables?

## Other technical quality

Does it address: Reliability; Fairness/Accessibility; Performance continuum;
 Scoring; Multiple forms and assessments; Technical Analyses and maintenance

### Inclusion of all students

• Are all students validly included with appropriate accommodations?

# Academic achievement standards and reporting

# Statewide system of standards & assessments

• Is there a single state-wide system that reflects coherent standards for ALL students?

# Assessment system operations

• Is there a technical sound process applied from test design, item development through test administration and data protection?

# **Validity**

• Is it a valid assessment based on: content, cognitive processes, internal structure, and relations to other variables?

# Other technical quality

• Does it address: Reliability; Fairness/Accessibility; Performance continuum; Scoring; Multiple forms and assessments; Technical Analyses and maintenance

### Inclusion of all students

• Are all students validly included with appropriate accommodations?

# Academic achievement standards and reporting

Statewide system of standards & assessments

• Is there a single state-wide system that reflects coherent standards for ALL students?

Assessment system operations

• Is there a technical sound process applied from test design, item development through test administration and data protection?

Validity

• Is it a valid assessment based on: content, cognitive processes, internal structure, and relations to other variables?

Other technical quality

Does it address: Reliability; Fairness/Accessibility;
 Performance continuum; Scoring; Multiple forms and assessments; Technical Analyses and maintenance

Inclusion of all students

 Are all students validly included with appropriate accommodations?

Academic achievement standards and reporting

# Statewide system of standards & assessments

• Is there a single state-wide system that reflects coherent standards for ALL students?

# Assessment system operations

• Is there a technical sound process applied from test design, item development through test administration and data protection?

### Validity

• Is it a valid assessment based on: content, cognitive processes, internal structure, and relations to other variables?

## Other technical quality

Does it address: Reliability; Fairness/Accessibility; Performance continuum;
 Scoring; Multiple forms and assessments; Technical Analyses and maintenance

### Inclusion of all students

 Are all students validly included with appropriate accommodations?

# Academic achievement standards and reporting

# Statewide system of standards & assessments

• Is there a single state-wide system that reflects coherent standards for ALL students?

# Assessment system operations

• Is there a technical sound process applied from test design, item development through test administration and data protection?

### Validity

• Is it a valid assessment based on: content, cognitive processes, internal structure, and relations to other variables?

## Other technical quality

• Does it address: Reliability; Fairness/Accessibility; Performance continuum; Scoring; Multiple forms and assessments; Technical Analyses and maintenance

### Inclusion of all students

• Are all students validly included with appropriate accommodations?

# Academic achievement standards and reporting

# **CSAI** Guidance for States

### **Critical Element**

### **Required Contents of Element** (Evidence)

### 1. Statewide system of standards & assessments

1.1 State adoption of academic content standards for all students

The State formally adopted challenging academic content standards for all students i reading/language arts, mathematics and science and applies its academic content standards to all public elementary and secondary schools and students in the State.

Documentation showing the adoption of academic content standards (or indication of Requirement Previously Met)

Documentation stating that the standards apply to all public elementary and secondary schools and students in the State

### Example(s) of Evidence

Language in State Board/Department of Education key documents stating the adoption or formal approval of challenging academic content standards in reading/language arts, mathematics, and science For Requirement Previously Met: ESEA flexibility request approval letter stating that the State has adopted or in place challenging standards<sup>1</sup>; document from a State network of institutions of higher education (IHEs) stating IHEs' certification of the State's standards; language indicating that current standards have not changed significantly since the previous peer review Language or text prefacing the State's standards, policy memoranda,

newsletters, or other key documents explicitly stating that the standards apply to all public schools and public

school students

### Where to Find Evidence

- State Board of Education/Department of Education memoranda. meeting minutes, newsletters, press release, ESEA waiver, other key documents
- State standards
- Higher education institution endorsement/certificate
- U.S. Department of **Education ESEA flexibility** request approval letter

11 This only applies if State has not adopted supplemental State-specific standards.



# For more information please contact:

Mai Chou Vang mvang@wested.org

CSAI Help Desk csai@wested.org

www.csai-online.org



# STANDARDS & ASSESSMENT IMPLEMENTATION

WestEd® CRESST

# What the Testing Action Plan Means for States



# **Principles for Fewer & Smarter Tests**



States to review assessment systems and ensure that assessments are:

- Rigorous and of high quality
- Fair and accessible to all students
- Tied to improved teaching & learning
- Transparent for students and parents
- Non-redundant and efficient

These are just guidelines...

But there will be resources available to support state initiatives

# **Support for States**



- FY 2016 budget includes funding for assessment support
- EAG expansion includes focus on assessment review
- Use-of-funds guidance for federal funds
- Collaborative technical support from TA centers, including the <u>CSAI</u>





- Clarified flexibility for accountability esp educator evaluations
- Further clarification of Peer Review



# STANDARDS & ASSESSMENT IMPLEMENTATION

WestEd® CRESST